

## CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. An apparatus for drilling a borehole and determining a parameter of interest of a  
2 formation surrounding the borehole during drilling operations, said apparatus  
3 comprising:  
4 a longitudinal member for rotating a drill bit and adapted to be conveyed  
5 in the borehole;  
6 a sensor assembly slidably coupled to said longitudinal member, said  
7 sensor assembly including at least one sensor for obtaining measurements  
8 relating to the parameter of interest; and  
9 wherein, when the sensor assembly is held in a non-rotating position, the  
10 longitudinal member is free to rotate.
- 1 2. The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising:  
2 a flow path between the sensor assembly and the longitudinal member for  
3 allowing the flow of a drilling fluid.
- 1 3. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the sensor assembly further comprises:  
2 at least one clamping device for engaging the borehole to clamp the sensor  
3 assembly to the borehole.
- 1 4. The apparatus of claim 3 wherein the at least one sensor is located on said at least

2           one clamping device.

1   5.     The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the sensor assembly further comprises at least  
2           one transmitter for sending signals into the formation for obtaining information  
3           about the parameter of interest..

1   6.     The apparatus of claim 3 further comprising:  
2                   at least one transmitter located on said at least one clamping device.

1   7.     The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the sensor assembly is slidably coupled to the  
2           longitudinal member using at least one guide sleeve slidably coupled to said  
3           longitudinal member.

1   8.     The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the longitudinal member is a segment of drill  
2           pipe.

1   9.     The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the longitudinal member is a shaft on a  
2           downhole directional drilling assembly.

1   10.    The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising:  
2                   at least one transmitter for transmitting a pulsed radio frequency field.

- 1 11. The apparatus of claim 10 wherein the at least one sensor comprises a sensor for  
2 obtaining nuclear magnetic resonance measurements.
- 1 12. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the at least one sensor comprises a sensor for  
2 providing azimuthal measurements and determining a tool face orientation of the  
3 sensor assembly.
- 1 13. The apparatus of claim 12 further comprising:  
2 a rotational positioning control device for positioning the sensor assembly  
3 to a desired tool face orientation.
- 1 14. The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising:  
2 a support device selected from (i) a spring, and (ii) a hydraulic cylinder,  
3 said support device fixedly attached to the longitudinal member for  
4 holding the sensor assembly against gravitational pull and for axial  
5 movement of the sensor assembly.
- 1 15. The apparatus of claim 14 wherein the support device is a spring, the apparatus  
2 further comprising:  
3 a conduit through said spring device for providing transfer of data and  
4 power to and from the sensor assembly.

- 1 16. The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising:  
2 a device for providing a non-continuous movement of the sensor assembly  
3 relative to propagation of the longitudinal member.
- 1 17. The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the device is selected from (i) a belt drive  
2 device, (ii) a chain drive, and (iii) an electrical stepper motor
- 1 18. The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising:  
2 at least one thruster connected to the sensor assembly for providing axial  
3 decoupling of the sensor assembly from the longitudinal member and for  
4 dampening vibrations to the sensor assembly.
- 1 19. The apparatus of claim 18 wherein, when said at least one thruster is connected  
2 below the sensor assembly, the at least one thruster provides for weight-on-bit  
3 during drilling operations.
- 1 20. The apparatus of claim 18 wherein, when said at least one thruster is connected  
2 above the sensor assembly, the at least one thruster provides for continuous  
3 feeding of a drillstring during drilling operations.
- 1 21. The apparatus of claim 18 further comprising:  
2 at least one knuckle joint connected to said at least one thruster for

3 providing further axial decoupling of the sensor assembly from the  
4 longitudinal member.

1 22. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the sensor assembly is slidably coupled to the  
2 longitudinal member using at least two stabilizers slidably coupled to said  
3 longitudinal member and connected to said sensor assembly through at least one  
4 shaft.

1 23. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the apparatus is adapted to be conveyed on a  
2 drillstring.

1 24. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the apparatus is adapted to be conveyed on a  
2 coil tubing.

1 25. The apparatus of claim 3 wherein the at least one clamping device is selected from  
2 the group consisting of: (i) hydraulically operated clamping device, (ii) spring  
3 operated clamping device, and (iii) electrically operated clamping device.

1 26. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the parameter of interest is selected from the  
2 group consisting of: (i) resistivity of the formation, (ii) density of the formation,  
3 (iii) compressional wave velocity of the formation, (iv) fast shear wave velocity of  
4 the formation, (v) slow shear wave velocity of the formation, (vi) dip of the

5 formation, (vii) radioactivity of the formation, (viii) nuclear magnetic resonance  
6 characteristic of the formation, (ix) pressure of a fluid in the formation, (x)  
7 mobility of a fluid in the formation, and (xi) permeability of the formation to flow  
8 of a fluid therein.

1 27. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the sensor assembly is adapted to recover a  
2 sample of a fluid from the formation.

1 28. A method for determining a parameter of interest of a formation surrounding a  
2 borehole while drilling the borehole, the method comprising  
3 conveying a longitudinal member operatively coupled to a drill bit in the  
4 borehole;  
5 slidably coupling a sensor assembly to said longitudinal member wherein  
6 the sensor assembly includes at least one sensor;  
7 holding the sensor assembly in a non-rotating position for at least a period  
8 of drilling distance while rotating the longitudinal member to drill the  
9 borehole; and  
10 obtaining measurements relating to the parameter of interest using the at  
11 least one sensor.

1 29. The method of claim 28 further comprising:  
2 flowing a return drilling fluid through a flow path between the sensor

3 assembly and the longitudinal member.

1 30. The method of claim 28 wherein the step of holding the sensor assembly in a non-  
2 rotating position further comprises:

3 activating at least one clamping device in the sensor assembly to engage  
4 the borehole in a first location in the borehole; and  
5 clamping the sensor assembly in said non-rotating position.

1 31. The method of claim 30 further comprising:

2 deactivating the at least one clamping device in the sensor assembly to  
3 disengage the borehole;  
4 moving the sensor assembly to a second location in the borehole;  
5 activating the at least one clamping device in the sensor assembly to  
6 engage the borehole in the second location in the borehole; and  
7 clamping the sensor assembly in said non-rotating position.

1 32. The method of claim 30 further comprising:

2 locating the at least one sensor on the at least one clamping device.

1 33. The method of claim 28 wherein the sensor assembly further includes at least one  
2 transmitter.

- 1 34. The method of claim 30 wherein the sensor assembly further includes at least one  
2 transmitter and further comprising:  
3 locating the at least one transmitter on the at least one clamping device.
- 1 35. The method of claim 28 wherein the step of slidably coupling the sensor assembly  
2 to said longitudinal member further comprises:  
3 slidably coupling at least one guide sleeve to said longitudinal member  
4 wherein the sensor assembly is slidably coupled to the longitudinal  
5 member using said at least one guide sleeve.
- 1 36. The method of claim 28 wherein the longitudinal member is a segment of drill  
2 pipe.
- 1 37. The method of claim 28 wherein the longitudinal member is a shaft on a  
2 downhole directional drilling assembly.
- 1 38. The method of claim 28 wherein the sensor assembly further includes at least one  
2 transmitter and further comprising:  
3 transmitting a radio frequency field into the formation.
- 1 39. The method of claim 38 further comprising:  
2 obtaining nuclear magnetic resonance measurements using the at least one



3 sensor.

1 40. The method of claim 28 further comprising:

2 obtaining azimuthal measurements using the at least one sensor; and  
3 determining a tool face orientation of the sensor assembly.

1 41. The method of claim 40 further comprising:

2 positioning the sensor assembly to a desired tool face orientation using a  
3 rotational positioning control device.

1 42. The method of claim 28 further comprising:

2 fixedly attaching a support device to the longitudinal member;  
3 holding the sensor assembly against gravitational pull using said spring  
4 device; and  
5 providing for axial movement of the sensor assembly using said support  
6 device.

1 43. The method of claim 42 wherein the support device is a spring, the method further  
2 comprising:

3 locating a conduit in said spring device; and  
4 transferring data and power to and from the sensor assembly through said  
5 conduit.

1 44. The method of claim 28 comprising:  
2 fixedly attaching a hydraulic cylinder device to the longitudinal member;  
3 holding the sensor assembly against gravitational pull using said hydraulic  
4 cylinder device; and  
5 providing for axial movement of the sensor assembly using said hydraulic  
6 cylinder device.

1 45. The method of claim 28 wherein the step of holding the sensor assembly in a non-  
2 rotating position further comprises:  
3 coupling a stepping device selected from the group consisting of (i) a belt  
1 drive, (ii) a chain drive, and (iii) a stepping motor, to the sensor assembly  
2 the stepping device providing a non-continuous movement of the sensor  
3 assembly relative to propagation of the longitudinal member.

1 46. The method of claim 28 further comprising:  
2 connecting at least one thruster to the sensor assembly;  
3 axially decoupling the sensor assembly from the longitudinal member  
4 using said at least one thruster; and  
5 dampening vibrations to the sensor assembly using said at least one  
6 thruster.

1 47. The method of claim 46 wherein the step of connecting at least one thruster to the  
2 sensor assembly further comprises:  
3 connecting said at least one thruster below the sensor assembly for providing  
4 weight-on-bit while drilling the borehole.

1 48. The method of claim 46 wherein the step of connecting at least one thruster to the  
2 sensor assembly further comprises:  
3 connecting said at least one thruster above the sensor assembly for  
4 providing continuous feeding of a drillstring above the sensor assembly  
5 while drilling the borehole.

1 49. The method of claim 46 further comprising:  
2 connecting at least one knuckle joint to said at least one thruster for  
3 providing further axial decoupling of the sensor assembly from the  
4 longitudinal member.

1 50. The method of claim 30 further comprising:  
2 connecting at least one lower thruster below the sensor assembly;  
3 connecting at least one upper thruster above the sensor assembly;  
4 axially decoupling the sensor assembly from the longitudinal member  
5 using said at least one lower thruster and said at least one upper thruster;  
6 and

7 dampening vibrations to the sensor assembly using said at least one lower  
8 thruster and said at least one upper thruster.

1 51. The method of claim 50 further comprising:

2 extending the at least one lower thruster and contracting the at least one  
3 upper thruster when the sensor assembly is clamped in the non-rotating  
4 position; and

5 deactivating the at least one clamping device in the sensor assembly to  
6 disengage the borehole; and

7 contracting the at least one lower thruster and expanding the at least one  
8 upper thruster when the sensor assembly is disengage from the borehole.

1 52. The method of claim 28 wherein the step of slidably coupling the sensor assembly  
2 to the longitudinal member further comprises:

3 slidably coupling at least two stabilizers to said longitudinal member; and  
4 connecting at least one shaft from the at least two stabilizers through the  
5 sensor assembly wherein the sensor assembly is slidably coupled to the  
6 longitudinal member using said at least two stabilizers.

1 53. The method of claim 30 wherein the step of activating the at least one clamping  
2 device further comprises:

3 locating a processor in the sensor assembly;

4 using said processor for activating the clamping device; and  
5 using said processor receiving data from the at least one sensor.

1 54. The method of claim 28 further comprising:

2 conveying the longitudinal member on a drillstring.

1 55. The method of claim 28 further comprising:

2 conveying the longitudinal member on a coil tubing.

1 56. The method of claim 30 wherein the at least one clamping device is selected from  
2 the group consisting of: (i) hydraulically operated clamping device, (ii) spring  
3 operated clamping device, and (iii) electrically operated clamping device.

1 57. The method of claim 28 wherein the parameter of interest is selected from the  
2 group consisting of: (i) resistivity of the formation, (ii) density of the formation,  
3 (iii) compressional wave velocity of the formation, (iv) fast shear wave velocity of  
4 the formation, (v) slow shear wave velocity of the formation, (vi) dip of the  
5 formation, (vii) radioactivity of the formation, (viii) nuclear magnetic resonance  
6 characteristic of the formation, (ix) pressure of a fluid in the formation, (x)  
7 mobility of a fluid in the formation, and (xi) permeability of the formation to flow  
8 of a fluid therein.

- 1 58. The method of claim 28 further comprising using a formation fluid sampling
- 2 device on the sensor assembly to obtain a sample of a fluid from the formation. .